## **Part 17 - Timeline Tracks**

We could set up a spawner to create a load of monsters for us, but we'll use a timeline instead. A timeline can issue commands.

Our timeline will simply issue the same create object command over and over in a loop.

Before we do this, remove the single monster from the Scene. We don't need it any more:

```
[Scene]
ChildList = PlatformObject # MiddlePlatformObject #
TopLeftPlatformObject # TopPlatformObject #
TopRightPlatformObject #
StarObject
```

Now to create a simple track:

```
[MonsterMakerTrack]
1 = Object.Create MonsterObject
Loop = True
```

Attach the track to the Scene object so that Monster objects are created over and over:

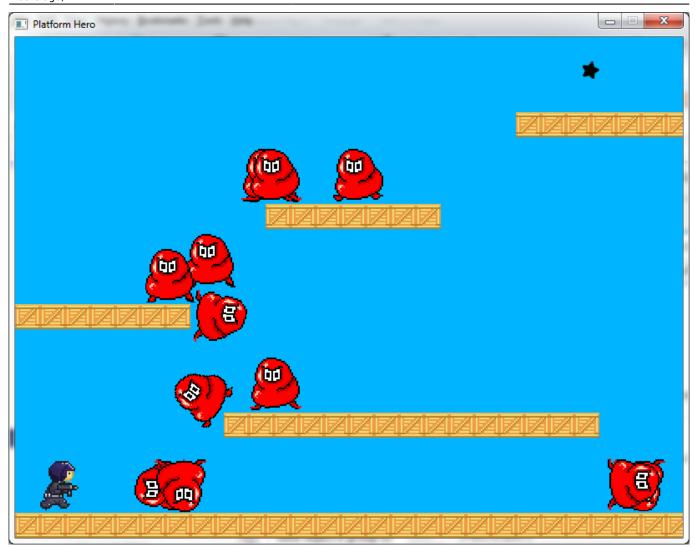
```
[Scene]
ChildList = PlatformObject # MiddlePlatformObject #
TopLeftPlatformObject # TopPlatformObject #
TopRightPlatformObject #
StarObject
TrackList = MonsterMakerTrack
```

So that the monster objects start at a random position each time. Change the monster object to have a range of starting x positions:

```
[MonsterObject]
Graphic = MonsterGraphic
AnimationSet = MonsterAnimationSet
Position = (-380, -300, 0) ~ (200, -200, 0)
Scale = 2.0
Body = MonsterBody
```

Looking great! Monsters should be dropping in all over the place:

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Some tweaks can be added to the monster and the body to improve things a little:

```
[MonsterObject]
Graphic
          = MonsterGraphic
AnimationSet = MonsterAnimationSet
Position = (-380, -300, 0) \sim (200, -200, 0)
             = (-20, 0, 0) \sim (20, 0, 0)
Speed
Scale
             = 2.0
Body
             = MonsterBody
[MonsterBody]
Dynamic
                   = true
PartList
                   = MonsterBodyPart
AngularDamping
                   = 50
LinearDamping
                   = 0.2
[MonsterBodyPart]
Type
            = box
Solid
            = true
SelfFlags = monster
CheckMask = hero # platforms # bullet
Friction
```

```
Restitution = 0.2
Density = 20
```

The Speed on the object will give the monsters a little random left/right movement. The Friction on the bodypart will make the monster less slippery on the ground.

The LinearDamping on the body will slow him down a little over time if he's too fast. The high AngularDamping will ensure the monster tips over the edge but not rotate and tumble wildly.

Finally, a touch of Restitution on the body will allow it to bounce just a touch when landing from a height.

That should work a little better. Additionally, if you prefer the Jelly Monsters not too rotate when tipping over the edges of the platforms you can add a FixedRotation to the body:

[MonsterBody]
Dynamic = true
PartList = MonsterBodyPart
AngularDamping = 50
LinearDamping = 0.2
FixedRotation = true

Next: Part 18 - Exploding Monsters.

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