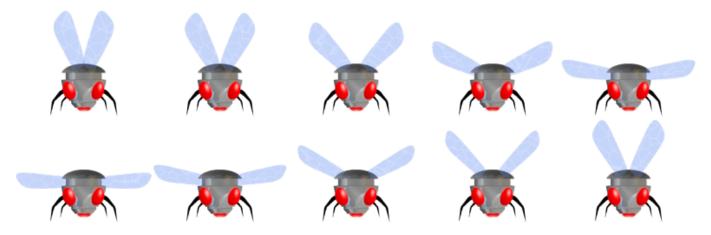
Creating an Insect with FX, physics and joints

In this tutorial I'll show you how to create an insect with movement something like a mosquito. I'll be using a looping FX to create the movement. In order to keep the insect right side up, there will be a weighted object connected under the insect with a revolute joint (see joint config).

Firstly, the animation frames of a robotic insect with beating wings:



The physics need to be set in the config to a rough standard:

[Physics]				
Gravity	=	(0.0,	1000.0,	0.0)

Create the insect with:

[InsectObject]	
Graphic	= InsectGraphic ; Optional. Supplies the default frame size
for all animati	lons.
AnimationSet	<pre>= InsectAnimationSetAll</pre>
Position	= (400, 300, -0.1)
Body	= InsectBody
ChildList	<pre>= InsectWeightObject</pre>
ChildJointList	<pre>= InsectBodyRevoluteJoint</pre>
FXList	<pre>= InsectMovementFX</pre>
Scale	= 0.5
[InsectGraphic]	
Texture	= insect-drone.png
Pivot	= center
TextureSize	= (157, 122, 0)

Next the animation so that the insect beats his wings over and over:

[InsectFly1@InsectGraphic] TextureOrigin = (0, 0, 0) Last update: 2020/08/21 en:tutorials:physics:creating_an_insect_object https://orx-project.org/wiki/en/tutorials/physics/creating_an_insect_object?rev=1598015149 06:05 (5 years ago)

```
TextureSize = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly2@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (157, 0, 0)
TextureSize = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly3@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (314, 0, 0)
              = (157, 122, 0)
TextureSize
[InsectFly4@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (471, 0, 0)
TextureSize = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly5@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (628, 0, 0)
TextureSize
               = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly6@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (0, 122, 0)
TextureSize
               = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly7@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (157, 122, 0)
TextureSize = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly8@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (314, 122, 0)
TextureSize = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly9@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (471, 122, 0)
TextureSize = (157, 122, 0)
[InsectFly10@InsectGraphic]
TextureOrigin = (628, 122, 0)
               = (157, 122, 0)
TextureSize
[InsectFlyAnim]
DefaultKeyDuration = 0.01
         = InsectFly1
KeyData1
KeyData2
               = InsectFly2
              = InsectFly3
KeyData3
KeyData4
              = InsectFly4
KeyData5
               = InsectFlv5
KeyData6
               = InsectFly6
               = InsectFly7
KeyData7
KeyData8
               = InsectFly8
```

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KeyData9 KeyData10	<pre>= InsectFly9 = InsectFly10</pre>		
[InsectAnimatio AnimationList LinkList	n <mark>SetAll</mark>] = InsectFlyAnim = InsectFlyLoop		
[InsectFlyLoop] Source Destination	= InsectFlyAnim = InsectFlyAnim		

At this point, we can create an instance of the insect in code so you can see it animating:

orxObject_CreateFromConfig("InsectObject");

Next step is to give the insect some movement. We'll use a speed FX for this to set random directions:

[InsectMovement SlotList Loop	<pre>FX] = InsectMovementFXSlot = true</pre>
[InsectMovement Type Curve StartTime EndTime StartValue EndValue Period Absolute	<pre>FXSlot] = speed = linear = 1 = 2 = (0, 0, 0) = (-100, -1550, 0) ~ (100, -1550, 0) = 4 = false</pre>

Notice in the FX, it is looped so that a movement change occurs every 2 seconds. The left and right movement direction will be random each time, but the up speed will be -1500 every 2 seconds. This creates a little "tug of war" effect against gravity which helps give an insect motion effect.

Next we'll attach an child object as a weight. The weight will be connected to the parent insect object using a revolute joint (see joint config):

[InsectWeightOb] Body Position UseParentSpace	<pre>= InsectWeightBody = (-20, 80, 0) = true</pre>	
UseRelativeSpeed= true		
[InsectWeightBoo PartList Dynamic FixedRotation HighSpeed AngularDamping	<pre>dy] = InsectWeightBodyPart = true = false = true = 0.0</pre>	

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Inertia	= 0.0
[InsectWeightB	odyPart]
Туре	= box
TopLeft	= (0, 0, 0)
BottomRight	= (50, 50, 0)
Restitution	= 0.75
Friction	= 0.9
Solid	= false
Density	= 1.0
[InsectBodyRev	oluteJoint]
Туре	= revolute
ParentAnchor	= (0, 55, 0)
ChildAnchor	= (0, -10, 0)
Collide	= false

Notice the weight body is dynamic so it will be affected by gravity. The physics will be pushing down on the weight, but the speed movements of the insect will compensate and create more randomness to the movement. The revolute joint will keep the weighted object at the bottom, eventually straightening the insect if it is upside down.

With the joint, it has been set so that the weight object can pass thought the insect using *Collide* = *false* if they collide.

If the insect flies off the screen, we may never see it again. So perhaps a border around the screen is in order. That will keep the insect on the screen:

```
[Border]
Body = BorderBody
Position = (0, 0, 0)
[BorderBody]
PartList = BorderBodyPartTop # BorderBodyPartRight #
BorderBodyPartBottom # BorderBodyPartLeft
Dynamic
              = false
FixedRotation
               = true
[BorderBodyDefaults]
Туре
               = box
SelfFlags
               = border
CheckMask
              = insect
Solid
               = true
[BorderBodyPartTop@BorderBodyDefaults]
        = (0, 0, 0)
TopLeft
               = (800, 20, 0)
BottomRight
[BorderBodyPartLeft@BorderBodyDefaults]
```

TopLeft BottomRight	= (0, 0, 0) = (20, 600, 0)
TopLeft	Right@BorderBodyDefaults] = (780, 0, 0) = (800, 600, 0)
[BorderBodyPart TopLeft BottomRight	Bottom@BorderBodyDefaults] = (0, 580, 0) = (800, 600, 0)

Create an instance of the border object with:

orxObject_CreateFromConfig("Border");

And the insect will need a body too in order to collide with the border:

<pre>[InsectBody] PartList Dynamic FixedRotation HighSpeed AngularDamping Inertia CustomGravity</pre>	<pre>= InsectBodyPart = true = false = true = 0.0 = 0.0 = (0, 0, 0)</pre>
[InsectBodyPart] Type TopLeft BottomRight SelfFlags CheckMask Restitution Friction Solid Density	<pre>= box = (-78.5,-31,0) = (78.5, 61, 0) = insect = border = 0.75 = 0.9 = true = 1.0</pre>



And run that up. The insect should be fluttering nicely around the place.

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